

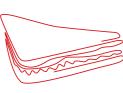
"Right now, we are facing a manmade disaster of global scale, our greatest threat in thousands of years: climate change. If we don't take action, the collapse of our civilisations and the extinction of much of the natural world is on the horizon...

Never before have we had such an awareness of what we are doing to the planet, and never before have we had the power to do something about that... The future of humanity and indeed, all life on earth, now depends on us."

DAVID ATTENBOROUGH









3



Welcome to CONTROL CON

This information pack will help you prepare for the each of the sessions and enable you to complete the Activity Sheets

ou are not alone. 70% of people in the UK are concerned about the climate and millions are already involved in solutions. Below are just some of the ways Eco Together can help you make a difference...

PROVIDES A STRUCTURE AND SUPPORT

You will learn from the other participants and don't have to start from scratch.





IS TIME-EFFICIENT

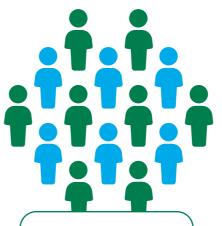
So busy people can get involved. It's just five enjoyable sessions then you can decide if you want to keep meeting up.

IS EASY TO RUN

Group members can take it in turns to run the simple sessions, even if they are new to eco-activity. The materials can spark ideas and are packed with useful information.



70% OF PEOPLE IN THE UK ARE CONCERNED AND MILLIONS ARE ALREADY INVOLVED IN SOLUTIONS



BUILDS COMMUNITY

You can get to know your friends or neighbours better, by working on something you all care about.

CAN GO ON YOUR CV

Toge res can certi



Many eco-activities can save you money, look out for this icon.





Designed by environmental professionals, it reduces the complexity and time spent researching.

Once you have finished Eco Together, if you report your results in our survey, you can receive an electronic certificate to show you have completed the project.

SUPPORTS BIODIVERSITY

Eco Together focuses on climate change. However, we are also in an ecological crisis. Many of the actions will also have benefits for ecosystems and biodiversity.

Questions & Answers about Eco Together

Here are a few frequently asked questions to help explain some more about how Eco Together works...

SIZE AND MEMBERSHIP?

Groups consist of 5-10 people, or a few households, and can include friends, neighbours, colleagues or people with a shared interest.

WHO RUNS THE GROUP?

The group is brought together by a First Host, then group members take turns to run the sessions if they feel comfortable to do so. We have provided guidance on the website, if needed, on how to do this.



WHEN AND WHERE TO MEET?

Ideally the group meets about every 2-4 weeks for up to 2 hours at a venue of their choice, for example a local cafe, home/s, or through video calls.

WHAT ARE THE RESOURCES?

This Information Pack has background for the sessions, alongside a Resource List that's on the website. You complete an Activity Sheet before each session to discuss with the group. Eco Together is deliberately low-tech, valuing the real-time interaction between group members. Connecting on social media is optional but many groups find it useful to coordinate and share info between sessions.

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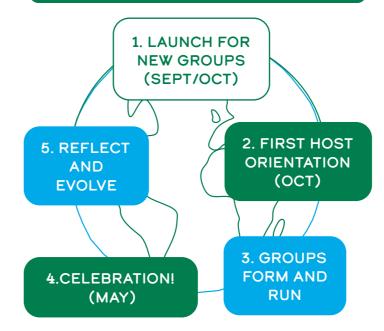
WHAT DO I NEED TO DO?

Spend 30m completing the Activity Sheet before the session then attempt the actions you have chosen. You can decide if you'd be able to take the group through one of the sessions. For the last session you can bring refreshments to celebrate progress.

WHAT IS SPECIAL ABOUT ECO TOGETHER?

Eco Together considers the climate using our four powers. We each have powers no one else has, and more power than we think.

ECO TOGETHER TYPICAL TIMESCALE



ECO TOGETHER IS A FRIENDLY, HELPFUL AND NON JUDGEMENTAL WAY TO BE GREENER.

HOW IS PROGRESS MEASURED?

We invite you to measure your impact with Carbon Savyy's Taster Carbon Calculator at the start and end of the project, and give feedback at the end on the actions you have taken.



WHAT ARE THE LONG-TERM PLANS FOR ECO TOGETHER?

Eco Together will always be free and open source so any group can use or adapt it. If you'd like to support the overall organising, please get in touch to volunteer, we'd love your help.

limate

hange

≫ Session 1 INTRODUCTION

Before we start it is useful to reflect on the importance of climate action. We also suggest watching (or re-watching) David Attenborough's "Climate Change - The Facts". To summarise:

IT'S WARMING

The earth has warmed by 1.1°C already and could hit 1.5°C by 2030. Beyond 1.5°C, the impacts will get much more severe.

WE ARE SURE

97% of scientists agree humans are causing climate change.

IT'S BAD

Our food, society and security is threatened. The cost of living will rise as crops fail. Ecosystems are spiralling into decline. The military see a serious security risk. The UN Secretary-General has stated that unless governments everywhere take action, much of the world will be uninhabitable.

Humans are burning ever more fossil fuels that

IT'S US

release carbon dioxide (CO2) and harming the forests, soils and oceans that absorb CO2. More CO2 has been released since 1990 than the whole of human history before that.

IT'S NOT FAIR

The poorest and most vulnerable people will suffer most whilst contributing least to the problem, as will plants and animals with no voice. In the UK. the wealthiest 10% emit around 3 times as much CO2 as the least wealthy 10%.

MORE CO2 HAS BEEN **RELEASED SINCE 1990 THAN** THE WHOLE OF HUMAN **HISTORY BEFORE THAT**

Coming to terms with the Climate

e can't see into the future to know whether what we do will be 'enough' to slow or reverse global warming. What we do know is that throughout history, the actions of people like us have brought huge changes. We have the ability to make a positive impact, and many people are already doing so.



"I feel more powerful, more inclined to advocate for the environment, and I would go to the group for advice" **ECO TOGETHER** PARTICIPANT

ONLINE RESOURCES

DAVID ATTENBOROUGH "CLIMATE CHANGE - THE FACTS" https://www.bbc.co.uk/iplayer/episode/m00049b1/climate-change-the-facts

CLIMATE PSYCHOLOGY ALLIANCE:

⋇

CLIMATE CHANGE FROM THE UN: https://www.un.org/en/climatechange



"Over 60% of young people worldwide are anxious about the climate. Not just about the climate itself, but because those in power are not doing enough" CAROLINE HICKMAN, **CLIMATE PSYCHOLOGY**

RESEARCHER

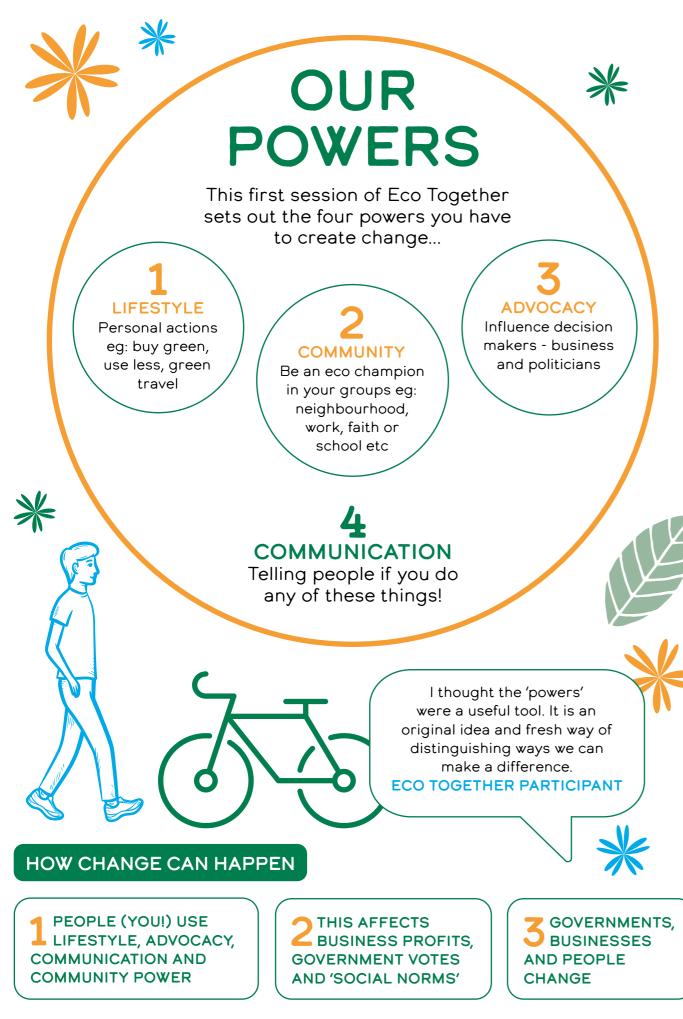


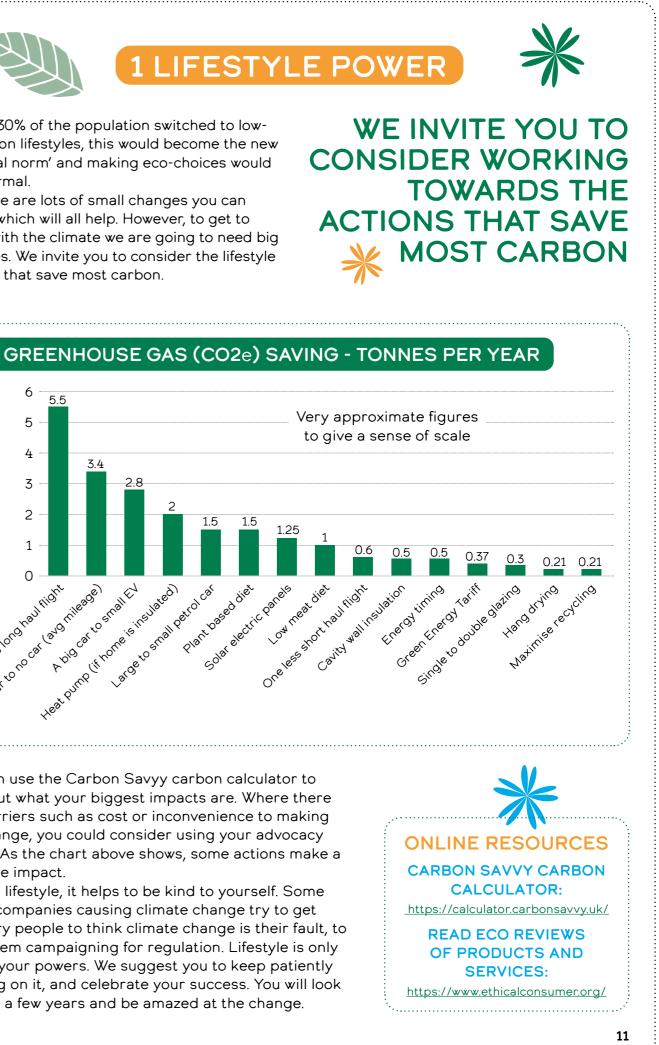
https://www.climatepsychologyalliance.org/

CLIMATE SCIENCE FROM NASA:

https://climate.nasa.gov

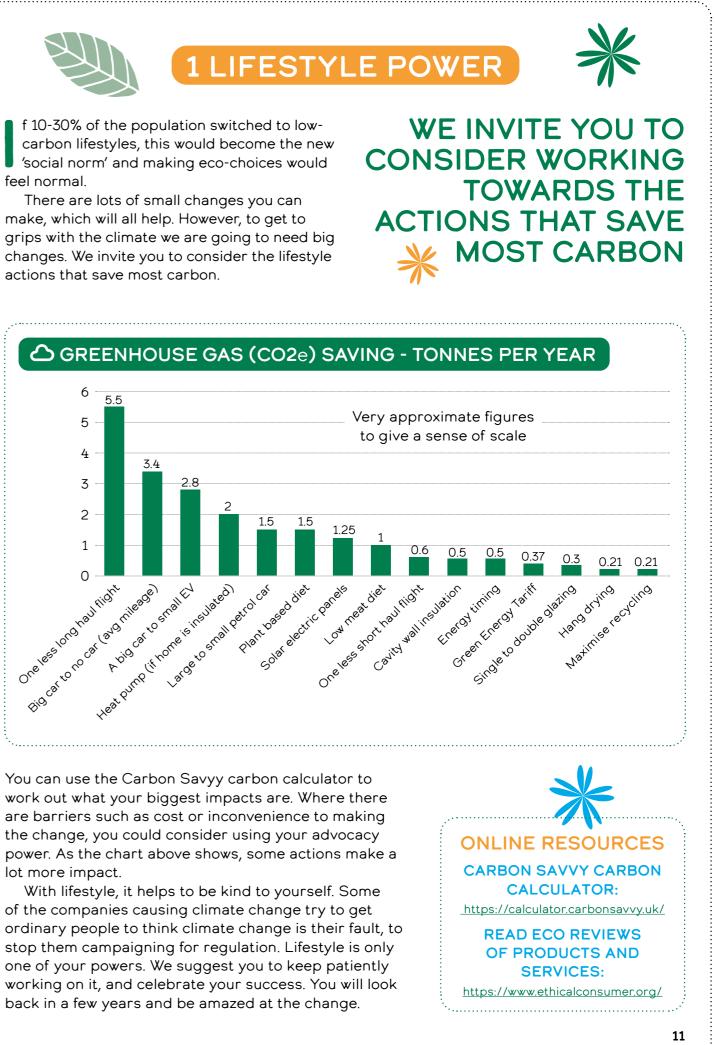






carbon lifestyles, this would become the new 'social norm' and making eco-choices would feel normal.

make, which will all help. However, to get to grips with the climate we are going to need big changes. We invite you to consider the lifestyle actions that save most carbon.

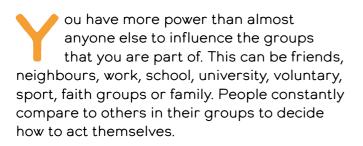


lot more impact.

back in a few years and be amazed at the change.

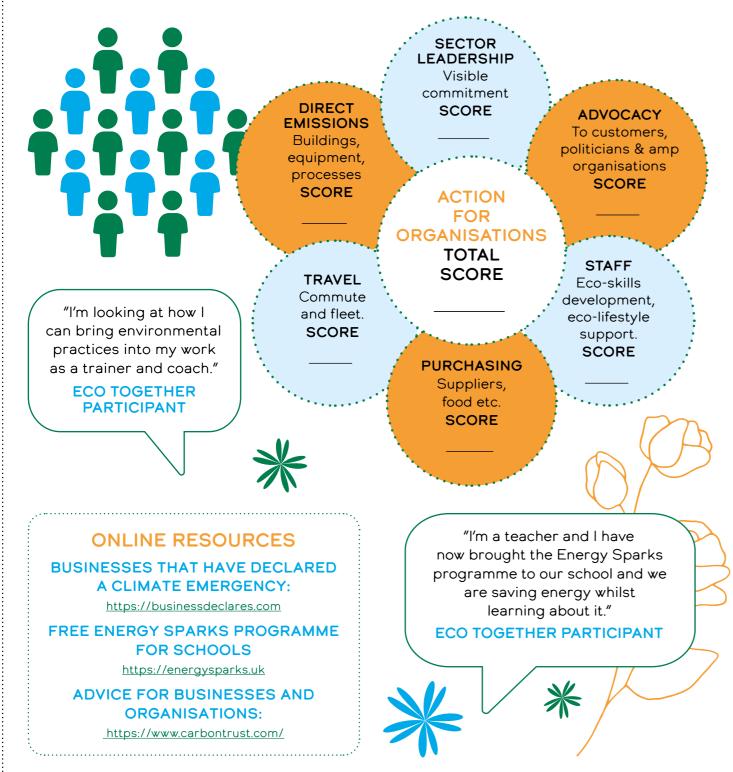


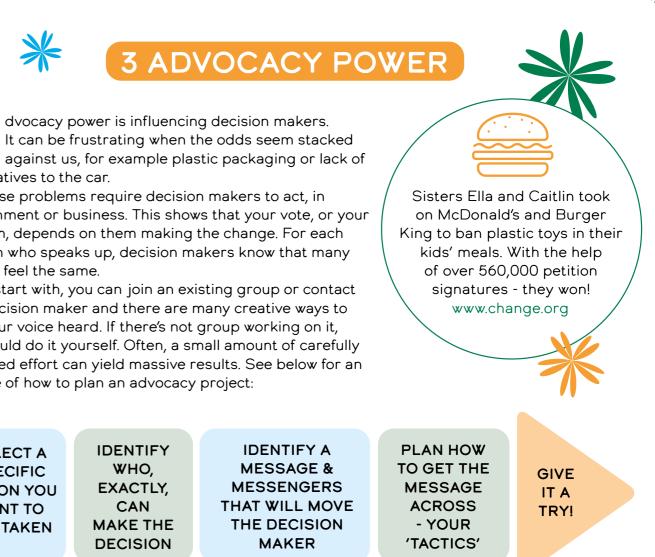
2 COMMUNITY POWER



You use this power when you lead by example and others see the choices you make. All organisations also have power. See the diagram for the actions they can take, and give each one a score out of 5.

How does your organisation score and is it using its powers?





dvocacy power is influencing decision makers. alternatives to the car.

These problems require decision makers to act, in government or business. This shows that your vote, or your custom, depends on them making the change. For each person who speaks up, decision makers know that many others feel the same.

To start with, you can join an existing group or contact the decision maker and there are many creative ways to get your voice heard. If there's not group working on it, you could do it yourself. Often, a small amount of carefully targeted effort can yield massive results. See below for an outline of how to plan an advocacy project:

SELECT A SPECIFIC ACTION YOU WANT TO SEE TAKEN

"I approached my local councillor about an eco-issue I'd long cared about, and contacted other groups who might support my cause."

> ECO TOGETHER PARTICIPANT



Your local council is a good place to start. You can find out who your own ward councillors are, then perhaps arrange a meeting about the climate. Most Councils have a Cabinet, and Councillors in the Cabinet have most power. You can go onto the Council's website to see who's the Cabinet member for whatever you are interested in. Maybe see if they'll meet with you or your Eco Together group? Not many people do this so they will remember you, and they make many important decisions about climate. You could also consider getting elected yourself.

ONLINE RESOURCES

START A PETITION www.change.org CHECK YOUR MP'S VOTING RECORD https://www.theyworkforyou.com/mp/

FIND OUT WHO YOUR COUNCILLOR IS AND WRITE TO THEM www.writetothem.com

4 COMMUNICATION POWER

alking to other people multiplies all your actions, because people don't do it very often.

An astounding fact is that whilst 70% of people are concerned about climate change, 70% of people also feel other people aren't concerned enough. That's because we don't talk about it enough...yet.



Eco Together gives you a positive conversation starter. Simply share what you are doing, the challenges and successes, and listen to what they think. You don't have to 'convince' them. Just by showing that you are doing something opens the possibility for them to do the same.

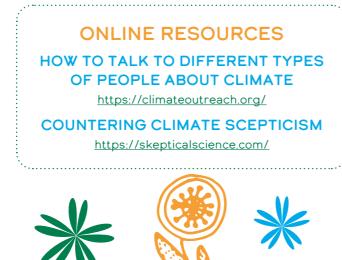
You're unlikely to get outright climate

"IN A 'SPIRAL OF SILENCE,' PEOPLE **REMAIN QUIET ON A TOPIC BECAUSE THEY** THINK THAT NO ONE AGREES WITH THEM, **EVEN IF THAT IS** NOT TRUE."

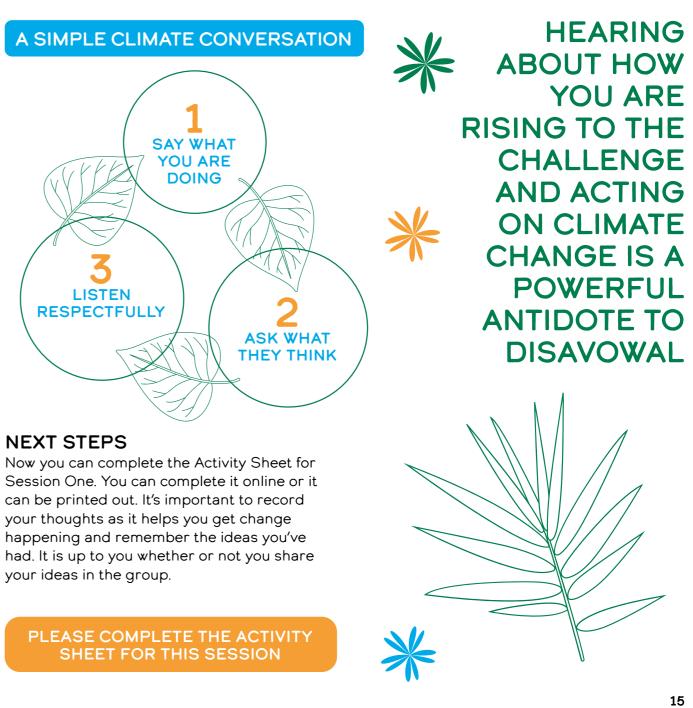
NATHAN GEIGER, PENN STATE UNIVERSITY

denial. More commonly, you will hear 'disavowal'; "a state in which we are aware of climate change and its effects, but find ways to remain undisturbed and carry on as if it isn't happening'".

In a "spiral of silence," people remain quiet on a topic because they think that no one agrees with them, even if that is not true.







NEXT STEPS

Session One. You can complete it online or it can be printed out. It's important to record your thoughts as it helps you get change happening and remember the ideas you've had. It is up to you whether or not you share your ideas in the group.



Session 2 **ENERGY**

✓ Use less energy ✓ Use electricity at the right time ✓ Use renewables ✓ Leave fossil fuels in the ground

4 USE LESS ENERGY

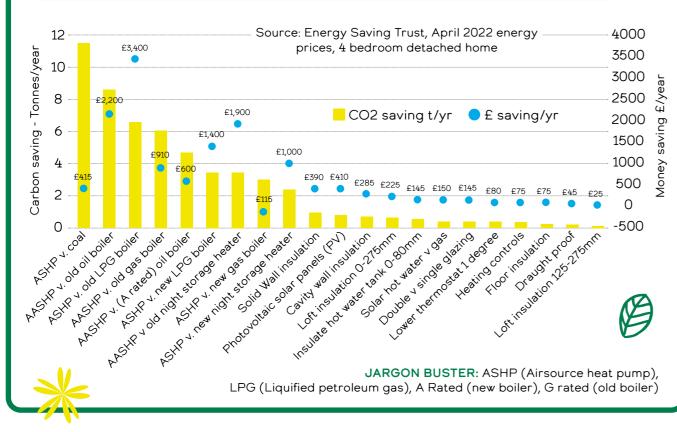
y 2030, to stay under 1.5°C of warming, each person needs to produce no more than 2.5 tonnes of greenhouse gases. This means reducing the amount of energy we use. A great place to start is your home.

Looking at the chart below, which actions have you already done?



Which would you like to investigate? The blue dots show how much money you can save and the yellow bars are carbon savings. 'ASHP' is Air Source Heat Pump, a heating system which uses a small amount of electricity to collect heat from the outside air even when it's cold outside. ASHP can save the most carbon. They can be expensive, but there may be grants available.

¢ CO2 AND MONEY SAVINGS OF HOME ENERGY MEASURES



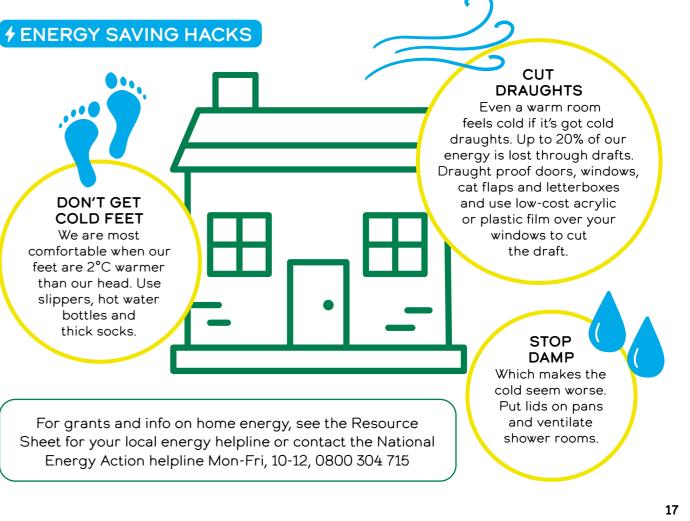


AIR SOURCE HEAT PUMP ASHPs work best in homes that have good insulation

> In terms of pure CO 2 impact, switching to an Air Source Heat Pump (ASHP) saves the most. This is not possible for everyone, but ASHP can work in most properties and will often save money if you've got an old boiler or are not on the gas grid.



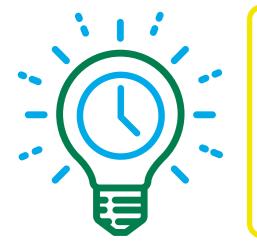
With energy prices skyrocketing, most people are now thinking about how to save energy. Please see the list on the website of low or no cost measures and a sheet showing how much power appliances use. There are also ways to make yourself feel warmer without reaching for the thermostat...



USE ELECTRICITY AT THE RIGHT TIME

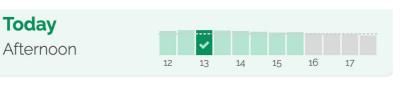
enewables such as wind and solar now produce around 42% of UK electricity. By using power when renewables are plentiful, you can halve your emissions. This is regardless of whether you are on a green tariff, since green tariffs simply match your power demand with purchases of renewable electricity over the course of the year, not at the actual time of using power.



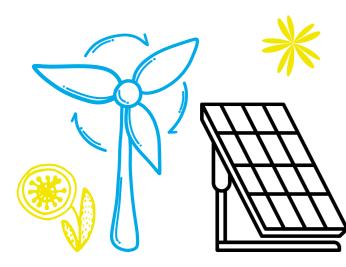


Avoid using appliances between 4pm and 7pm when gas power stations are used to meet high demand. Check the website Should I Bake to see when renewable energy is high, and set your timed appliances for then. In the example below, that's at 3.30pm. Using power at the right time is a cost-free way to save carbon.

Today



FRENEWABLES FOR WHAT'S LEFT



Many people switch to Green Tariffs. These provide income for renewable generators, though some support renewable generators more than others. However, they are not zero emissions. If you use power when renewables aren't being produced, you will still be using fossil fuelled electricity. Green tariffs are worthwhile, but are not a replacement for cutting demand and using power at the right time.

f you can get solar panels, great. This can also protect you against rising energy costs. Batteries can help you use more of your solar power and avoid grid energy at peak times.



4 LEAVE FOSSIL FUELS IN THE GROUND

o stay below 1.5°C, we need to keep 90% of coal and 60% of oil and gas reserves in the ground. Fossil fuel companies will fight hard against this, because they know that if ordinary people work together, we can change regulation. The UK's Climate Change Act was passed in 2008 after the 'Big Ask' campaign by Friends of the Earth. Joining organisations can really help.

"WE NEED TO KEEP 90% OF COAL, OIL AND GAS RESERVES IN THE GROUND"

A WORD ON OFFSETTING

Some carbon offsetting projects are useful, but there is a risk that offsetting is used to avoid making the changes needed. The scale and cost of



offsetting all our emissions is too huge. For example, tree planting is vital, but even if tree cover doubled in the UK, it would only absorb around 10% of the UK's annual emissions. Trees take many years to grow and we need to cut carbon now. If you wish to offset, check it's a good project and we suggest not counting offsets as carbon reductions when thinking about your footprint.

A BANK Your choice of financial providers also matters. 35 of the world's major banks - many of them household names - have provided \$2.7 trillion (£2tn) of investment to fossil fuel companies since 2015. You can ask your finance providers (banks, pension funds, investment firms) to do more on climate or ask them to 'divest' - give up fossil fuel investments. If you switch providers it is worth telling your provider why. So far, over \$40 trillion has been divested by investment funds from fossil fuels.

CHOOSING

ONLINE RESOURCES

NATIONAL ENERGY ACTION ADVICE LINE AND CONTACT DETAILS https://www.nea.org.uk/get-help/wash-advice/

LOOK UP YOUR HOME'S ENERGY **RATING AND NEXT STEPS** https://www.gov.uk/find-energy-certificate

ADVICE ON ENERGY SAVING IN YOUR HOME https://energysavingtrust.org.uk

SEE WHEN THE BEST TIME IS TO USE ELECTRICITY https://shouldibake.com/

SEE WHAT YOUR BANK IS DOING ABOUT CLIMATE https://switchit.green

NOW YOU'VE READ THIS, YOU CAN COMPLETE THE ACTIVITY SHEET FOR THIS SESSION

Session 3 RANSPORT

✓ Fly less ✓ Go car free (wherever possible) ✓ Switch to a cleaner vehicle ✓ Advocate for alternatives



← FLY LESS

educing flying is the single most effective lifestyle action. A longhaul flight can release 5 tonnes of CO2 and a short haul flight 0.6 tonnes. Frequent-flying "super emitters" are just 1% of the world's population but caused half of aviation emissions in 2018, whilst almost 90% of the population didn't fly at all. Stopping flying altogether may be hard for people with family overseas ('love miles') so holidays might be a good place to start.



"I have committed to flight free holidays - I just took the train to France" ECO TOGETHER PARTICIPANT

ONLINE RESOURCES

NATIONAL ENERGY ACTION ADVICE LINE AND CONTACT DETAILS PLEDGE TO GO FLIGHT FREE https://flightfree.co.uk/

SEE HOW MUCH RUNNING YOUR CAR COSTS; **SEARCH ON**

https://www.moneyhelper.org.uk/en

CAR CLUB ADVICE: https://www.como.org.uk

GO CAR FREE (WHEREVER POSSIBLE)

ometimes it is hard to avoid driving since our society has been built around the car. Advocacy power is vital for getting better alternatives. However, for most people, many car journeys are optional.

Public transport fares are far higher than they should be, but it also costs around £2000 a year to run a car. Google maps will show you how to get to places by public transport.

IT COSTS AROUND £2000 A YEAR TO **RUN A CAR**



SHARED TRANSPORT

You can walk or cycle, or join a car club. One car club vehicle typically displaces 20 private

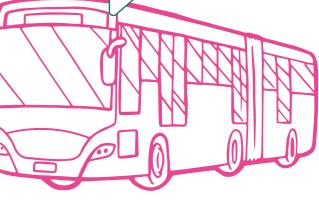


vehicles. There are many established car club companies, or websites that let you rent local people's cars (you can rent out your car too). Or start a community car club by informally sharing a vehicle/s with friends or neighbours.

Car sharing halves the emissions per person, or reduces them even more if you pile four people in! Use a lift sharing website to find people who travel the same route as you.



"I don't miss my car at all. Once you don't have one, you just find other ways. It takes a bit more thought to get some places, but it has saved money and simplified my life." ECO TOGETHER PARTICIPANT



R SHARING A simple way to cut carbon

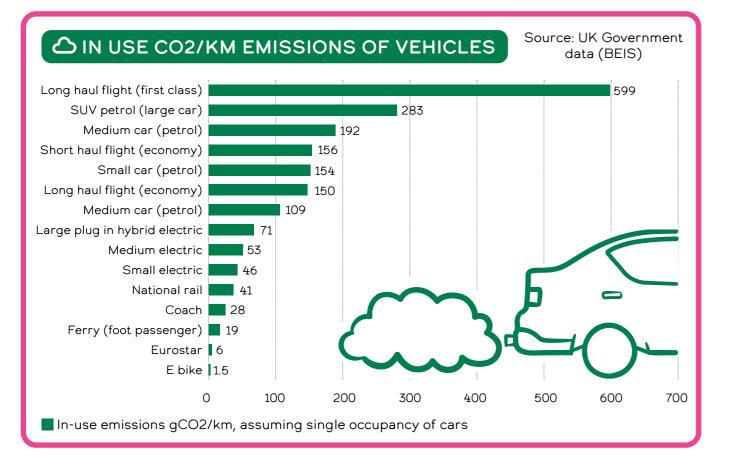
SWITCH TO A CLEANER VEHICLE



ou'll save most carbon by walking, wheeling or cycling. If you need to go further, the chart below shows that rail, coach and ferries are low carbon. Electric bikes are great too. E-bikes start at £1500, which would pay back in a year if replacing car ownership. Many families are doing the school run by e-bike. Switching from an SUV to a smaller or hybrid fossil-fuelled car can make a big difference.



Electric vehicles (EVs) save carbon, even when you count the energy to make the battery. A new Nissan Leaf pays back its embodied carbon after less than two years if you drive 6000-7000 miles a year and emits three times less CO2 in its lifetime than an average new conventional car. However, there are not enough minerals for everyone in the world to have a private EV and extracting the minerals can damage human health and the environment. Sharing could be the solution, consider joining or starting an EV car club.



ADVOCATE FOR ALTERNATIVES





any more people would go car free if there were decent alternatives available. National government controls most transport funding but local councils are responsible for local measures such as bike lanes and bus subsidies.

There is understandably often resistance from those directly affected if councils try to take road space away from cars for example with cycle lanes or removing parking spaces. The walkers, cyclists or bus users who would benefit often aren't aware or don't speak up, so the loud voices often win. This makes progress painfully slow.



However, since not many people get involved, one voice, maybe yours, really matters! Easy options include responding to council transport consultations (found on your council's website) and contacting your local councillor to make sure they are pressing for sustainable transport.

ONLINE RESOURCES RENT LOCAL PEOPLE'S CARS https://www.hiyacar.co.uk FIND A LIFT SHARE https://liftshare.com/uk CYCLING ADVICE FOR FAMILIES https://www.cyclesprog.co.uk/ NOW YOU'VE READ THIS, YOU CAN COMPLETE THE ACTIVITY SHEET FOR THIS SESSION





EAT MORE PLANT-BASED FOOD

If everyone shifted to a plant-based diet it could reduce global land use for agriculture by 75%. This would leave more space for biodiversity. The chart below, from the UN, shows the carbon savings possible if everyone in the world changed diet. If everyone switched to a plant-based diet that included all necessary nutrients, 8 gigatonnes (billion tons) of CO2 would be saved out of a total of 36 gigatonnes released globally each year.

60% OF ALL MAMMALS ON EARTH ARE LIVESTOCK, MOSTLY CATTLE AND PIGS. **36% ARE HUMAN AND JUST 4% ARE WILD ANIMALS.**

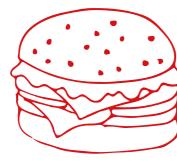
Vegan No animal source food Vegetarian Meat/seafood once a month Flexitarian Limited meat and dairy Healthy diet Limited sugar, meat and dairy Fair and frugal Limited animal source food, rich calories Pescatarian Diet consisting of seafood Climate carnivore Limited ruminant meat and dairy Mediterranean Moderate meat but rich in vegetables 1 8

Carbon saving potential if everyone in the world adopted this diet. Source - UN IPCC report: Climate Change 2022: Mitigation of Climate Change UN

This, plus concerns about animal welfare and healthy eating, is motivating more people to become vegetarian or vegan. The UK market for meat-free foods was reportedly worth £740m in 2018, up from £539m in 2015.

Food is complex though, with other evidence showing high-

welfare animal rearing can be a positive part of regenerative farming, improving the soil and storing carbon. If you are a meat eater, we suggest making it a treat and saving your money for less and better-quality local meat.



add nitrogen to the soil, reducing the need for fertilisers. Beans can replace rice which, like cows and sheep, produces methane.

are very

healthy and



You could save up to a

third on food bills with a

more plant-based diet, if

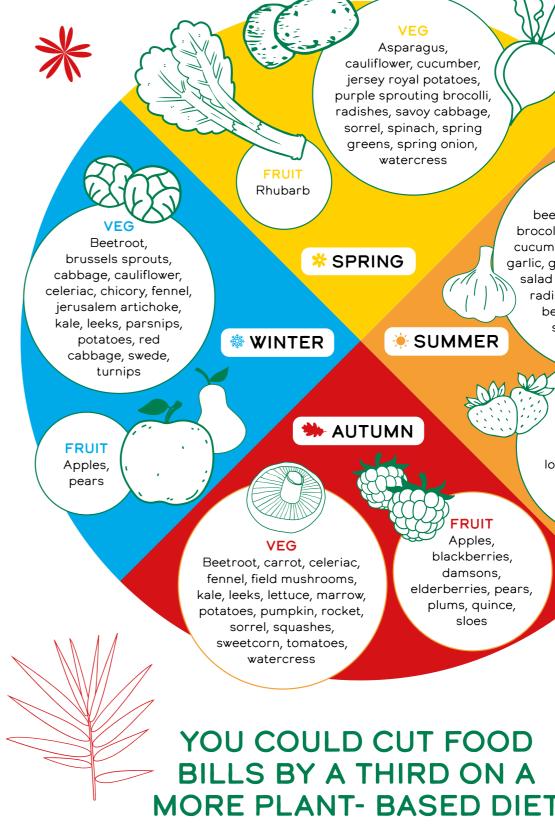
you stick to less processed

food which is also healthier. Beans,

peas and lentils provide protein,

***** EAT THE SEASONS

Eating seasonally means that food is at its freshest, most nutritious and requires the lowest energy input to grow. Local food is not always low carbon, unless it is in season.





VEG

Asparagus, cauliflower, cucumber, jersey royal potatoes, purple sprouting brocolli, radishes, savoy cabbage, sorrel, spinach, spring greens, spring onion, watercress

VEG

Aubergine, beetroot, broad beans, brocolli, carrots, courgettes, cucumber, fennel, fresh peas, garlic, green beans, lettuce and salad leaves, new potatoes, radishes, rocket, runner beans, salad onions, sorrel, tomatoes, watercress

FRUIT

Blueberries, currants, elderflowers, greengages, loganberries, plums, raspberries, strawberries, tayberries

27

RIIIT

*** SUMMER**

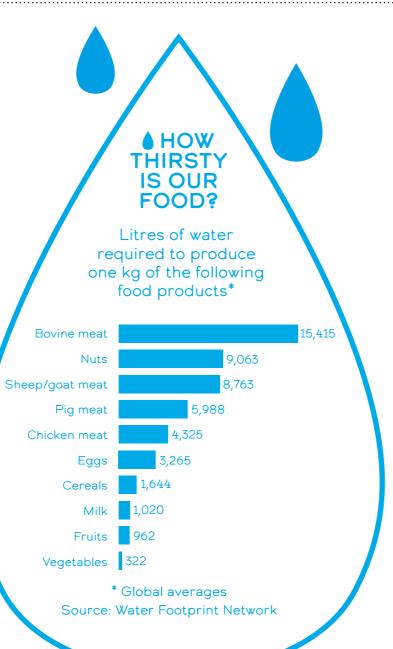
Apples, blackberries, damsons, elderberries, pears, plums, quince, sloes

LOCAL FOOD

Two thirds of our grocery shopping is at the 'big four' supermarkets: Tesco, Asda, Sainsbury's and Morrisons. Having other outlets increases resilience to shocks to the global food system as we saw during the pandemic when some supermarket shelves were bare. This will be important as climate change and global events disrupt supply chains.

AIR FREIGHTED FOODS EMIT AROUND 50 TIMES AS MUCH GREENHOUSE GAS AS SEA **FREIGHTED** FOODS





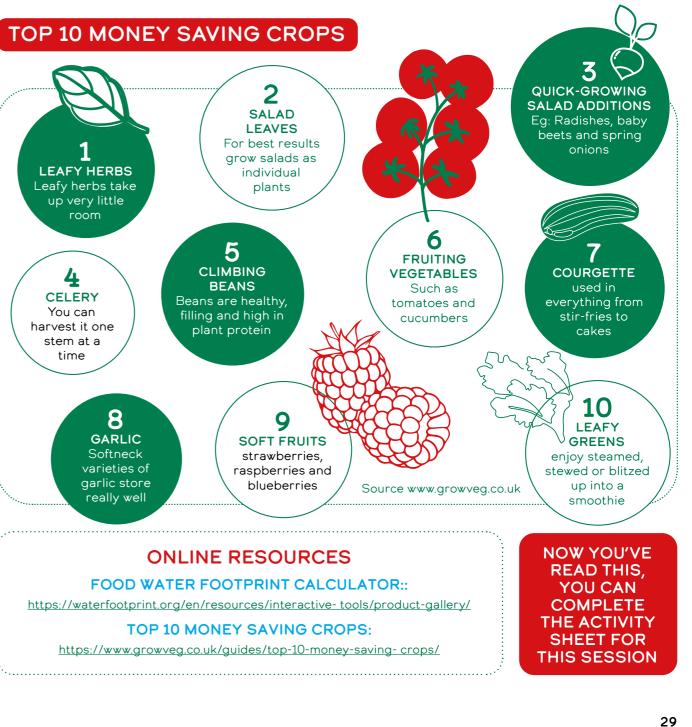
It is important to avoid air freighted foods which emits around 50 times as much greenhouse gas as transporting the same amount by sea, 33 times that of rail and 4 times that of lorry transport. You can usually guess what has been air freighted; it is fresh food that goes off guickly and has come a long distance such as green beans, berries and asparagus.

Eating local can also reduce the water footprint of your food which is of vital concern in a changing climate. If you are eating food imported from a water scarce region, you are affecting water supplies in that country.

EAT SUSTAINABLE FOOD

We are losing soil at a rapid rate. Over a quarter of global topsoils have lifespans of less than a century unless farming methods are changed. Organic farming is part of the solution and there is a growing regenerative Farming movement to farm in a way that improves soils, climate resilience, animal welfare and biodiversity.

Sustainable, seasonal and local food can be more expensive. If you can afford it, we encourage you to buy it, since profit margins are thin and your custom makes a difference.



If it's too expensive, often you can find lower cost local food in season from sustainable farmers who may not be able to afford organic certification. Also look for food that is Palm Oil Free and fish that is Marine Stewardship Council certified.

We also encourage you to try growing your own food, using peat-free compost. You can choose crops that are easy to grow, or cost the most to buy at the supermarket, or provide the most calories, or reduce plastic use.

Try these top 10 money saving crops...

Session 5 RESOURCES



✓ Don't buy it ✓ Embrace pre-loved ✓ Buy ethical ✓ Revolt at waste



DON'T BUY IT!

e are depleting our resources at an alarming rate - resource extraction has more than tripled since 1970 and is continuing to grow. The UK imports around 40% of our total carbon footprint.

So, the first principle is "Don't buy it". This is more easily said than done, since millions are spent telling us that possessions will make us happy. It is highly empowering to start to gain control of this.

You can prioritise large purchases. For example, do you need to replace your existing kitchen or bathroom, or could you refurbish existing fittings? You can get the benefit of an item without buying it by borrowing or renting. Libraries are a good place to start and need our support; 800 have closed since 2010. They can order a book if they don't have it in stock.

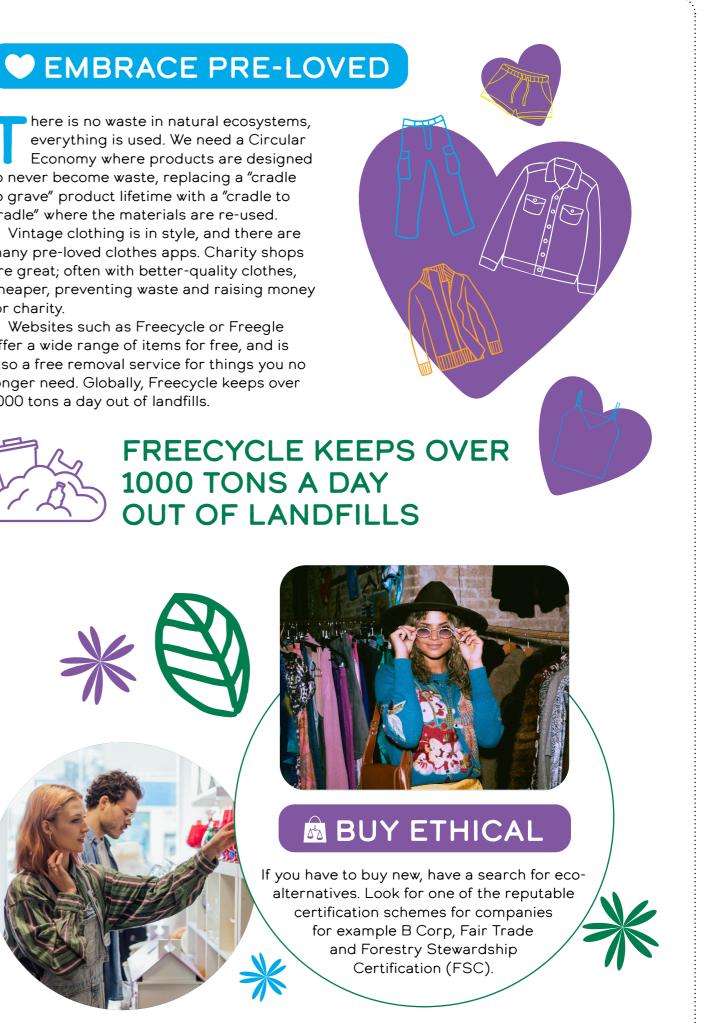
LIBRARIES NEED OUR SUPPORT; **800 HAVE CLOSED SINCE 2010**



here is no waste in natural ecosystems, everything is used. We need a Circular Economy where products are designed to never become waste, replacing a "cradle to grave" product lifetime with a "cradle to cradle" where the materials are re-used.

Vintage clothing is in style, and there are many pre-loved clothes apps. Charity shops are great; often with better-quality clothes, cheaper, preventing waste and raising money for charity.

Websites such as Freecycle or Freegle offer a wide range of items for free, and is also a free removal service for things you no longer need. Globally, Freecycle keeps over 1000 tons a day out of landfills.



REVOLT AT WASTE!

PLASTIC WASTE

Half of all plastics ever manufactured have been made in the last 15 years and that is increasing. Plastics are entering into every natural environment and every part of our bodies.

Exxon Mobil, the oil company, is the biggest producer of single use plastic. They and other companies spend millions lobbying against regulation and to convince us that litter and waste is our fault, to avoid regulation.

NO PLASTIC -**FANTASTIC!**

Rebecca Hoskings got local businesses on board to make Modbury in Devon the first plastic-bag free town in the world. This led to the plastic bag charge in the UK and elsewhere.

HALF OF ALL PLASTICS EVER MANUFACTURED HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE LAST 15 YEARS



FOOD WASTE

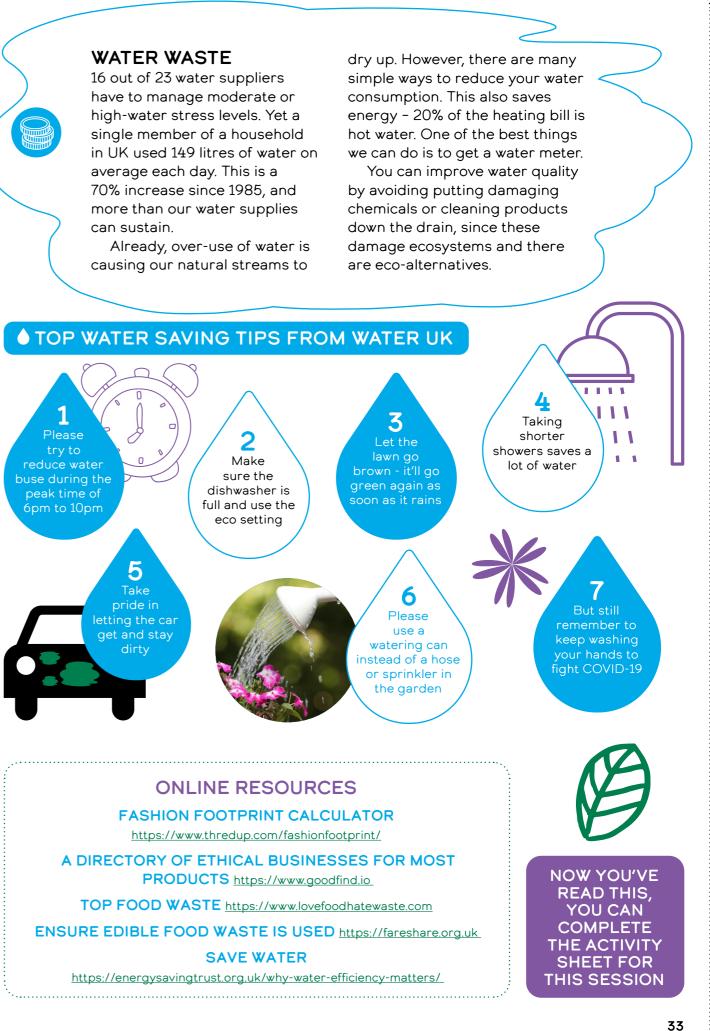
Globally, around a third of all food produced is lost or wasted, which contributes 8-10% of total greenhouse gas emissions. Meanwhile, 820 million people go hungry. There are many simple ways to reduce your own food waste and you can also get involved in community projects such as Fare Share.

Our rejection of plastic has led to many alternatives in recent years, but it's not over yet. Use advocacy power to strengthen your rejection of plastic, for example sharing photos on social media with the hashtag #pointlessplastic. Another bold action is leaving your plastic at the supermarket till.

Litter picks are great fun and many Eco Together groups do them as a social activity. For some additional Advocacy power, photograph the branded litter and send the picture to the company.



causing our natural streams to



CONGRATULATIONS

This is the end of the Information Pack, and if you are reading this as you participate in an Eco Together group, the end of the programme.

TO WRAP UP, WE ASK THAT YOU...

1 ✓ Fill out a feedback form that your First Host will send, which helps us immensely as we continue to develop the programme. 2 Re-do the Carbon Savvy Calculator to see if there is any change.



opefully Eco Together has given you some new ideas and support to continue to create change. Many groups stay in touch, and some organise local projects together. We will be offering extra sessions if you would like to continue.

Of course, we would love for you to carry on and become a First Host for another Eco Together group. Please contact us for more information, and now you've seen how it works, your experience could be really valuable to other people who are concerned about the climate but not sure where to start.







ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Eco Together Version 2 (2022) is hosted by Transition Bath and has been co-produced by the volunteer working group Sara, Emma, Robin, Helen, Allen and Rod.

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